## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Under the requirements of the Police and Justice Act, each Crime and Disorder Reduction Partnership (CDRP) is required to produce a Strategic Assessment based on the National Intelligence Model, in order to identify priorities for the CDRP Community Safety Plan 2008-2011. This assessment is a "refresh", one year into the Plan, to identify any emerging issues of concern and assess progress against those priorities identified in the initial assessment in October 2007. Police Forces have a similar annual requirement to assess their key priorities. This joint assessment will therefore inform both the Community Safety Plan and the Police Divisional Control Strategy. This ensures that both plans are "living documents" reflecting those issues of key concern in the community.

The assessment makes use of a wide range of data and evidence from partners within the CDRP and also from residents. Analysis of this data has led to the identification of the following priorities for the next strategic period.

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES 2009 - 2010			
	PRIORITY	RESPONSIBLE WORKING GROUP	
P1.	Violent Crime: P1.1. Domestic Abuse P1.2 Redhill Town Centre Violence	P1.1 East Surrey Domestic Abuse Working Group P1.2 CDRP Working Group	
P2.	Acquisitive Crime: P2.1 Theft from vehicle - Sat Navs and tools P2.2 Theft of metal	Reigate and Banstead Community Incident Action (CIAG) and Joint Action Groups (JAG)	

P3.	Youth Antisocial Behaviour:     (and its perception): P3.1 Underage drinking P3.2 Lack of youth facilities in Redhill	P3.1 CIAG and JAG P3.2 Redhill Youth Initiatives Group
P4.	Environmental Crime: P4.1 Graffiti and Litter P4.2 Criminal Damage	Reigate and Banstead Community Incident Action (CIAG) and Joint Action Groups (JAG)
P5.	Speeding / Antisocial Driving: P5.1 Speeding P5.2 School Parking	P5.1 Casualty Reduction Working Group / Joint Action Group P5.2 Safer School Parking Group
P6.	Substance Misuse: P6.1 Drugs misuse and supply P6.2 Alcohol misuse	East Surrey Substance Misuse Working Group

Detailed multi-agency Action Plans be drawn up to address these priorities through partnership working. The progress of each plan will be monitored by the CDRP Working Group with regular reports to the CDRP itself. This Strategic Assessment will be refreshed again in 12 months time to identify any changes in local crime or disorder trends.

## **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

The Strategic Assessment process has identified gaps in available information and areas where service delivery can be improved. It is recommended that additional emphasis is focused on addressing these short comings, to ensure that the quality and availability of information is improved for the next strategic assessment and where possible improvements made to the delivery of services in the East.

 Explore the need for specialist DA courts in Surrey. These are criminal courts at magistrates' level where cases involving domestic violence are clustered together or fast-tracked, and handled by personnel -court staff, magistrates, the Crown Prosecution Service (CPS), Police, etc. - with special training in domestic violence issues.

- Alignment of Outreach Services in East Surrey to include Epsom
   Ewell referrals. Processes need to be put in place to facilitate this.
- **Specific data** relating to the scale of underage drinking is lacking.
- The general perception of young people being "up to no good" when
  gathering in groups is an ongoing challenge when trying to increase public
  reassurance. This needs to be addressed both at a local level through better
  engagement, but also through increased positive media coverage.
- A lack of youth activities and "acceptable" places to gather
- Better information given to young people on alcohol: 23% of Surrey school children said they felt under informed.
- Specific data relating to speeding and antisocial driving is lacking.
   Data capture needs to be developed as fixed penalty notices do not capture adequate location information
- There is an under capacity in drug treatment clinics and a need for a rapid prescribing service in East Surrey.
  - Conditional cautioning for drug and alcohol related incidents is not being widely used. This would encourage more people to access treatment and reduce community impact.
  - Lack of alcohol-related data from Accident and Emergency departments: the true scale of the problem is not fully known.

## ITEM 8 - ANNEX B